Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 1262.] SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1796. [VOLUME X.

For Charter,

The Ship Dominick Terry,

Jacob De Hart, master: an excellent veſſel, of about 3000 barrels burthen.

Jeſſe & Robert Waln.

September 21. d

For NEW-YORK,

The Ship LIGHT HORSE,

To ſail in a few days, and will take freight very low. Apply to,

JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

September 20. d4

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The Ship General Waſhington,

Now diſcharging her cargo from Liverpool at Roſs's Wharf—She is a faſt ſailing ſhip, and may be ſent to ſea at a ſmall expence, having been docked and refitted in Liverpool.

Apply to

Kearny Wharton.

Who has for ſale on board ſaid ſhip,

A few thouſand Buſhels Salt and Coal.

Sept. 19. d6

For Charter,

The Daniſh Barque BENEVENTURA, Samuel Stub, maſter,

A good veſſel, of about two hundred tons burthen. JESSE & ROBERT WALN.

Sept. 17. dtf

FOR LONDON,

The capital ſhip CERES,

To ſail ſoon:—For freight or paſſage apply to DAVY, ROBERTS & Co. or

John Vaughan,

September 10. Front-ſtreet.

FOR SALE,

The Schooner LARK,

One Hundred and twenty tons burthen. A new veſſel well found, well built, & ſails extremely faſt. For terms apply to the maſter on board, or to

Joſeph Anthony & Co.

If the above veſſel is not ſold in a few days, ſhe will take freight on very low terms for Boſton.

Sept. 10. d

FOR SALE,

The ſhip STAR,

JOHN VANNEMAN, Maſter,

LYING at Walnut-ſtreet wharf, Philadelphia built, of live oak and cedar, will carry about 3200 barrels, is two years old, and in compleat order to receive a cargo—For terms apply to THOS. & JOHN KETLAND.

Who have alſo for ſale ſaid veſſels cargo—conſiſting of—

Wine and Porter bottles,
Window Glaſs, 6 by 8 to 16 by 12.
Pipes in boxes
Earthen-Ware in crates.
Grindſtones, Coals, Whiting, &c.

Aug. 29 §

John Whiteſides & Co.

Have for Sale,

Venetian Red,
Spaniſh Brown,
White Lead, ground in oil,
Shot, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
London Porter, in caſks and bottles.
Green Copperas.
Several crates of Queens Ware, in ſetts, with deſert ditto compleat.
Bliſtered Steel,
German ditto.

Sept. 21. d2w

Waſhington Lottery.

The Twenty-ſecond & Twenty-third Days' Drawing of the Waſhington Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Market-ſtreet, where tickets may be examined.

N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other lotteries may be procured.

September 23, 1796. df

Thomas Ryerſon

HAS juſt received, by the ſhips Molly and Hamburgh Packet from Liverpool, and the Light Horſe from Briſtol, and is now opening for ſale, at his ſtore No. 177, Market-ſtreet, an extenſive aſſortment of

Ironmongery, Cutlery, Hardware and Saddlery.

The ſhip Caroline, now on her paſſage from Liverpool to Philadelphia, brings the remainder of his fall importation.

N. B. At the above ſtore may be had, a few elegant Mahogany Caſes for Table Furniture; alſo, a good aſſortment of the beſt kinds of Knives and Forks.

Sept. 23. d

Wants a Place,

AS A WET NURSE,

A healthy YOUNG WOMAN, with a Freſh Breaſt of Milk. Apply at the Office No. 234, Market-ſtreet.

Sept. 23. d3

Turks-Iſland Salt,

FOR SALE,

Per the ſhip American, Capt. Shallcroſs—Will be ready to diſcharge at Pine-ſtreet wharf on the 27th inſt.—Apply to

Jehu Hollingſworth & Co.

Sept. 23. mwf

Waſhington Lottery, No. 2.

THE twenty-ſecond and twenty-third days drawing are arrived at the office No. 147, Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth ſtreets, where they will continue regularly to arrive, during the term of the drawing. This is mentioned to the public, to preclude the neceſſity of advertiſing daily, as uſual, being attended with great expence.

Canal and other Lottery Tickets may be had at the above office, where all tranſactions in the line of a Broker are promptly attended to.

Thomas Noble.

Sept. 13. d3

NANKEENS,

Of the firſt quality, FOR SALE BY,

RD. and JAS. POTTER.

For any quantity above Five Thouſand Pieces, a liberal credit will be given. R. & J. P. T. tf

September 13.

French Goods.

Received by the Sally, Mitchell, from Havre-de-Grace,

20 Trunks, 1 Caſe } Ladies' SHOES of all colors ſorts and ſizes
1 Ditto white and colored Silk STOCKINGS
1 Ditto Fine LAWN
1 Ditto beſt fine CAMBRIC
1 Ditto Ladies' beſt ſhammy and Grenoble Gloves

For Sale by THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

Aug. 24 §

Wm. HOLDERNESSE,

No. 76 High Street,

HAS received, by the lateſt arrivals from Europe and the Eaſt Indies, a well ſelected aſſortment of Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery and Haberdaſhery Goods; which he will ſell, Wholeſale and Retail, on the loweſt terms;

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

Some fine India muſlins embroidered with gold and ſilver
Superfine Book, Jaconet, and Muhnul ditto
Do do do do Handkerchiefs
Some extra black taffeties, lutestrings and colored Perſians
Bandano Handkerchiefs
Long and ſhort Nankeens
Engliſh Mantuas of the firſt quality
Damaſk table linen and napkins, very fine
Silk Hoſiery, an elegant aſſortment
Thead and cotton do
Umbrellas—green ſilk, oil'd do. and do cloth
French cambrics, 10/4 fine
Iriſh Linens, do. &c. &c. June 14 §

70,000 Pieces Nankeens,

Of the beſt quality and on reaſonable terms,

FOR SALE BY

Philip Nicklin & Co.

Auguſt 26. dtf

The Cargo of the Polacre Independent,

CAPTAIN CATHCART, from Alicant and Liſbon, landing at the ſubſcribers wharf—

28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spaniſh wool
3 do. of Anniſeed
7000 Buſhels of beſt Liſbon Salt
80 Boxes of Lemons

For ſale by WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

ALSO,

Seventy Hogſheads of prime JAMAICA SUGARS, received by the ſhip Dominick Terry, Capt. De Hart, from Kingſton.

Sept. 13. d

CABLES,

From 16 to 9½ inches, for ſale by

Jeremiah Warder,

July 21 § No 12 north Third-ſtreet.

FOR SALE,

WINE, London particular Madeira, 4 years old, in pipes and hogſheads
Claret, genuine old, in caſes
Gin, in pipes, from Holland
Earthen Ware, in crates
Baſket Salt, in hogſheads
Shot, Nos. 6, 7, 1 and 9
Bar Lead, Red and white dry lead
Steel, German and Ruſſia, in barrels
Anchors, cables, junk, bunting, tarpolin canvas,
Tin plates—An invoice Stationary. by

THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

July 29 §

Lottery and Broker's Office,

No. 64, South SECOND STREET.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, for ſale—a Check Book for examination—and prizes paid in the late lottery.

Check Books kept for examination and regiſtering, for the City of Waſhington, No. 2, and Patteſon Lotteries, both of which are now drawing—information where tickets are to be had, and prizes exchanged for undrawn tickets. A complete liſt of all the prizes in the late New-Port Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School Lottery, for examination.

The ſubſcriber ſolicits the application of the public and his friends, who wiſh to purchaſe or ſell Bank Stock, Certificates, Bills of Exchange or Notes, Houſes, Lands, &c. or to obtain money on depoſit of property.

Wm. Blackburn.

Philadelphia, *Auguſt* 18, 1796. mth

For Sale,

The Time of a Negro Man,

Who is a good Cook. Enquire at No. 109, South Water-Street.

Sept. 23. d10

FOR SALE,

A Complete Font of Brevier,

ENtirely new, and yet unopened. The weight of this font is about 312 lb. It is from the Foundery of Wilſon & Sons, Glaſgow, and will be ſold at coſt & charges.

Alſo for Sale, a pair of Super Royal Chaſes.

Enquire at the Office of the Gazette of the Unitde Statse, 119 Cheſnut-ſtreet. Aug 19 §4w

Diſſolution of Partnerſhip.

THE Partnerſhip between ROBERT ANDREWS and DAVID MEREDITH, under the firm of ANDREWS and MEREDITH, being diſſolved. All perſons who are indebted to, or who have claims againſt the ſaid houſe, are requeſted to apply for ſettlement to the ſubſcriber.

ROBERT ANDREWS,
No. 86, So. Wharves.

Sept. 6, 1796. d tf

WANTED,

A Middle-Aged WOMAN, who can be well recommended, to take charge of the entire management of children—Such a perſon will meet with ſuitable encouragement, and may hear of a place, by applying to the printer of this Gazette.

Sept. 14. mwf

To be diſpoſed of,

THE time of a healthy NEGRO WOMAN, who has between four and five years to ſerve: She can be recommended for her ſobriety and honeſty. For particulars enquire at No. 132, Cheſnut-ſtreet.

Auguſt 3. w&ſtf

For Sale,

(In an excellent ſituation for buſineſs,)

A three-ſtory brick Houſe and Lot of Ground,

Eighteen feet front and twenty-five feet in depth, on the South ſide of Market near Front-ſtreet, now in poſſeſſion of Samuel Read.

Apply to

Iſrael Pleaſants, or
Charles & Joſeph Pleaſants.

Sept. 13. dtf

For Sale,

A Three ſtory BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Cheſnut ſtreet, between Front and Second ſtreets, in which Meſſrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on buſineſs.

Poſſeſſion will be given in one month, or ſooner.

For terms apply to WILLIAM BELL, or HECTOR CALBRAITH.

April 21. §

A Book-Keeper,

OR Clerk's place is wanted by a perſon properly qualified, and whoſe character will be found unexceptionable. Apply to the Printer.

Aug. 11 tf

Dutch Goods,

Received by the Pennſylvania, from Amſterdam.

GIN, in pipes
Morlaix, Ticklenburgs, Oſnaburgs } In Bales
German, Haerlem } Stripes, in caſes
Hollands } DUCK, in ditto
Bedticks, in ditto
Brittagnes, Platilles } in ditto

For Sale by THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

Aug. 29 §

Sales of India Goods.

The Cargo of the ſhip Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Calcutta and Bengal,

CONSISTING OF

A Large and general aſſortment of Bengal and Madras COTTON and SILK GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE

A variety fine worked and plain Muſlins, Dorcas, &c. Alſo,

A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,

In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,

For Sale by

Willings & Francis,
No. 21 Penn Street.

June 8 §

JUST ARRIVED, from Liſbon,

And for Sale by the Subſcribers,

Liſbon Wine,

In pipes and quarter-caſks;

5000 Buſhels Liſbon Salt.

Jeſſe & Robert Waln.

Sept. 10. dtf

At a ſpecial meeting of the Board of Directors for eſtabliſhing uſeful Manufactures, holden at Paterſon, July 8, 1796,

RESOLVED, That a ſpecial meeting of the Stockholders of the Society be called on the firſt Monday, being the third day of October next, at Paterſon, by ten of the clock of the ſame day; then and there to take into conſideration the propriety of diſſolving the ſaid corporation, agreeably to the law in ſuch caſe made and provided—and the Stockholders are earneſtly requeſted to attend the ſaid meeting in perſon or by proxy.

Auguſt 27 dt30thO

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congreſs of the United States of America, paſſed at Philadelphia, the 28th day of May, 1796; laying duties on Carriages, for the conveyance of perſons, and repealing the former acts for that purpoſe.—That there ſhall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of perſons, which ſhall be kept by or for any perſon, for his or her own uſe, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of paſſengers, the ſeveral duties and rates following, to wit.

For and upon every Coach, 15 dols.
upon every Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Poſt Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Poſt Chaiſe, 12 dols.
upon every Phaeton, with or without top, 9 dols
upon every Coachee, 9 dols.
upon other Carriages, having panneſ work above, with blinds, glaſſes or curtains, 9 dols.
upon four wheel carriages, having framed poſts and tops with ſteel ſprings, 6 dols.
upon four wheel top Carriages, with wooden or iron ſprings or jacks, 3 dols.
upon curricles with tops, 3 dols.
upon chaiſes with tops, 3 dols.
upon chairs with tops, 3 dols.
upon ſulkies with tops, 3 dols.
upon other two wheel top carriages, 3 dols.
upon two wheel carriages, with ſteel or iron ſprings, 3 dols.
For and upon all other two wheel carriages, 2 dols.
upon every four wheel carriage, having framed poſts and tops, and reſting upon wooden ſpars, 2 dols.

The Collectors of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, will attend daily, until the 30th day of September next, for the purpoſe of receiving the duties on Carriages, at No. 117, in Race or Saſſafras ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, at the houſe of Daniel S. Clair, Eſq. in the County of Montgomery; and at the houſe of Abraham Dubois, Eſq. in the County of Bucks; of which all perſons poſſeſſed of ſuch Carriages are deſired to take notice.

Notice is alſo given,

TO all retail dealers in Wines, and foreign diſtilled ſpirituous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing of Wines, in a leſs quantity, or in leſs quantities than 30 gallons—and one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing Spirituous liquors in leſs quantities than 20 gallons, at the ſame time and at the ſame places, by the officers legally authorized to grant ſuch licences.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,
Inſpector of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

Office of Inſpection, at Philadelphia, 21ſt July, 1796. } 30

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE to the Printing Buſineſs.

Enquire at this Office. Aug. 9

FOR SALE,

By N. and J. FRAZIER,

No. 95, S. Front-ſtreet,

Prime Boſton Beef, in barrels.
Georgia Cotton.
Carolina Rice and Indigo.
Sherry and Teneriffe Wines, of excellent quality.
Ravens Duck.
Indio Bandanno's.
Sewing Silks, various colours.
Coſſahs and Gurr[illegible].

Sept. 17. tts4w.

For ſale by the ſubſcribers,

IN PENN-STREET,

130 quarter Cheſts freſh Hyſon Tea;
100 ditto do. freſh Souchong Tea;
300 Boxes China, containing ſmall tea ſetts of 42 pieces;
400 pieces Bandanoes.

Willings & Francis.

January 30 tt&ſ

FOR SALE.

PORT WINE, and
HOLLAND GIN, of the firſt qualities in Pipes.

FRAUNCES and VAN REED,

Brokers and Commiſſion Merchants, No. 63, So. 3d St.

Who diſcount approved NOTES of hand.

N. B. An APPRENTICE Wanted.

September 14. mwf

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By W. YOUNG, MILLS and Son,

Corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,

Price 12 1-2 cents,

The Preſident's Addreſs

INTIMATING

The reſolution he has formed to decline being conſidered among the number of thoſe out of whom a choice is to be made, at the enſuing election of a Preſident of the United States.

Sept. 20. ws6

Great is TRUTH and muſt prevail.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for ſale at No. 41 Cheſnut-ſtreet by J. ORMROD,

An Apology for the Bible,

By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S.

Biſhop of Landaff, &c.

Being a complete refutation of Paine's *Age of Reaſon,*

And the only anſwer to the Second Part.

Auguſt 30. dtf

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By W. YOUNG, MILLS and Son,

[Price 50 cts. in boards, 62 1-2 neatly bound]

An Apology for the Bible,

In a ſeries of Letters,

Addreſſed to Thomas Paine, author of a book entitled *The Age of Reaſon, part the ſecond, being an inveſtigation of true and fabulous theology.*

By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S. Lord Biſhop of Landaff, and Regius Profeſſor of Divinity in the Univerſity of Cambridge.

Sept. 16. tu&f6

India Tamboured Muſlins.

A ſmall, handſome aſſortment of Muſlins, viz.

Fine tamboured Malda and Santipore Muſlins, various patterns and prices.
Plain 6-4 Jaconet.
Corded and croſs-barred Muſlin Shawls.
Ditto ditto 6-4 and 4-4 Dorcas.
Muſlin Handkerchiefs, fine and coarſe.
Japan Muſlins, and
A few pieces extraordinary fine Long Cloths.

FOR SALE BY

Thomas Tingey,

No. 121, South Third-ſtreet.

Sept. 12. tutf&f

TO BE SOLD,

That Neat and Convenient HOUSE,

WHEREIN the ſubſcriber now lives. There are four rooms on a floor: the houſe is two ſtories high with a good garret above: under the whole is an excellent cellar, with a dry well, in which is a convenient framed chamber for preſerving meat, butter, &c. in warm weather. Attached to the houſe is a Stable for three horſes, hay-lof, granary, and carriage-houſe, a wood-yard paved with ſtone, and a garden with ſoil of a fine quality. An indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer. For farther particulars apply to the ſubſcriber in Princeton, or, in her abſence to Thomas D. Johnſon, Eſq. or the rev. Samuel S. Smith.

ANN WITHERSPOON.

Princeton, Aug 24. 2awtO

Plans of the city of Philadelphia,

Including the NORTHERN LIBERTIES and diſtrict of SOUTHWARK,

Publiſhed, and ſold by

BENJAMIN DAVIES,

No. 68, High ſtreet,

(Price one dollar.)

THIS plan is 26 inches ſquare, and has been engraved by one of the firſt artiſts in the city, from a late and accurate ſurvey. Purchaſers are entitled to a pamphlet with each plan, giving "ſome account of the city, its population, trade, government, &c.

July 19 tu&ftf

TAKE NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to make application for a renewal of the following certificate, ſuppoſed to be loſt on the paſſage to England in April 1794:

Certificate No. 10335, dated 15th November, 1793, for 2830 dollars and 92 cents—Six per cent. domeſtic debt, on the books of the Treaſury of the United States, in the name of the Hon. John Trevor.

ROBERT BIRD, at John Warder's.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 30th, 1796. *tu&f6w

WANTED,

THREE JOURNEYMEN BOOK BINDERS,

GOOD ſteady workmen will meet with conſtant employment, and good wages; by applying to JOHN CURTIS, No. 43, North Fourth-ſtreet.

N. B. BOOK-BINDING in all its different branches, executed with neatneſs and diſpatch. Public and private libraries repaired in the neateſt and beſt manner.

September 20. t & 2w

PRICES CURRENT.

Philadelphia, Sept. 24.

PER QUANTITY—DOLLARS AT 100 CENTS.

	Dolls.	Cts.
ANCHORS, pr. lb.		11
Allum, English, pr cwt	7	75
Ditto, Roch, pr lb.		11
Aloes, hat per ton,	170	
——Pearl,	150	
Arrack, per gallon,		
Bacon, Shoulder, pr. lb.		10
——Flitches,		13
Brandy, common,	1	60
——Coniac,	2	25
Brazilletto, per ton,	90	
Bricks, per M.	7	
Bread, ship, per cwt.	6	
Ditto, pilot	9	50
Ditto, small water per keg,		90
Beer, American, in bottles, per dozen, bottles included,	1	60
Deals, per barrel,	6	
Boards, Cedar, per M feet	30	
——Heart.	30	
——New England,	26	80
——Oak,		26
——Merchantable pine,	28	
——Sap, do.		18
——Mahogany, pr. foot		
The above are the shallop prices, for the yard price price, add 1 dollar, 33 cents, pr M.		
Brimstone in rolls, per cwt.	3	33
Beef, Boston, per bll.	13 à	16
—— Country, ditto		14
—— Fresh, cwt.	5 to	8
Butter per lb.	18 à	20
—— in kegs		14
Candles Sperma per lb.		56
——Wax		
——Myrtle Wax		20
——Mould tallow	18 to	19
——Dipped		15
Cheese, English, per lb.		28
——Country	11 à	13
Chocolate,		
Cloves	1	50
Cocoa, per cwt.		18
Coffee, per lb.	25 to	28
Coal, per bushel,	30 ã	40
Copperas, per cwt.	3	
Cordage, American, per cwt.	16 à	18
Cotton, per lb.	33 to	50
Currants		10
Duck, Russia, per piece,	15 ã	18
—— Ravens	11	50
Dutch Sail Duck	24	
Feathers, per lb.		66
Flax, ditto		11
Flaxseed, per bushel	1	
Flour, Sup. per bl.	11 50 ã	12
——Common,	11 á	11 50
——Bur middlings, best,	6 à	9
——Meal, Indian	4 33 ã	66
——ditto Rye,	3	
——Ship stuff p cwt.	3	67
Fustic per ton,	25	
Gin, Holland per case,	7	50
Do. per gall.	1	93
Glue, per lb.		18
Ginger, white race, per cwt	18	
Ditto, common	16	
Ditto, ground	24	
Ginseng, per lb.		30
Gunpowder, cannon, per qr. cask,	23	
Ditto, fine glazed,	28	
Grain, Wheat pr bush	2	
——Rye,	1	
——Oats,		40
——Indian Corn,	90 à	93
——Barley,	1	20
——best shelled pr. lb.		
——Buckwheat per bushel,		75
Hams, pr. lb.		13
Hemp, imported, per ton,	300	
American, per lb.		10
Herrings, per bbl.	6	
Hides, raw pr. lb.	8 to	9
Hops,		10
Hogshead hoops per M.	30	
Indigo, French per lb.	1	67
——Carolina,	1	
Irons, sad per ton	133	33
Iron, castings per cwt.	4	
—Pennsylvania bar scarce	120 á	126.67
——Russia per ton	97	
——Pig	32	
——Sheet,	224	33
——Nail rods,	133	33
Junk per cwt.	5	
Lard, hogs per lb.		14
Lead in pigs, per cwt.	5	33
——in bars,	7	
——white,	13	33
——red,	9	
Leather, soal per lb.		20
Lignum vitæ per ton,	24	
Logwood,	30	
Mace, per lb.	12	
Mackarel, best per bbl	12	
——second quality	8	
Madder, best per lb.		20
Marble wrought pr foot		60
Mast spars ditto		60
Molasses, per gall.	56 à	62
Mustard, per lb.		46
——flour, in bottles doz.	1	20
per dozen,	1	20.

	Dolls.	Cts.
Nails, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, per lb.		13
Nutmegs, per lb.		11
Oil, linseed, per gall.	1	33
——Olive,		
——ditto, per case,	9	
——Sweet, best, in flasks, per box,		10
——ditto baskets, 12 bottles,	7	
——Spermaceti pr gall	1	06
——Train, per bbl.	18	
——Whale, per gal.		40
Porter per cask,	7	30
——London, per doz.	2	50
——American do. bottled,	2	
Pitch, per bbl.	4	
Pork, Burlington, per barrel,	19 to	20
——Lower county,	19	
——Carolina,	16	
Peas, Albany, pr bush.		93
Pepper, per lb.		38
Pimento,		14
Raisins, best per keg	11	
Ditto per jar,	6	
Ditto per box	8	
Rice, per cwt.	5	
Rosin per barrel	4	50
Rum, Jamaica, pr gal.	1	67
——Antigua	1	54
——Windward	1	40
——Barbados	1	27
——Country, N. E.	97	
Saltpetre, per cwt.	50	
Sassafras, per ton		
Shot, ditto,	120	
Steel, German, per lb.		14
—English, blist. pr cwt.	12	14
—American, per ton	133	33
—Crowley's, pr faggot		
Snake root, per lb.		35
Soap, brown per lb.		12
—White		14
Castile,		14
Snuff, pr doz bottles		50
Spermaceti refined pr lb.		
Sail cloth, English. No. 1, per yard,		33
——Boston, No. 1, do.		30
——No. 2, do.		
Sugar, lump, per. lb.		25
——Loaf, single ref.		27
——Ditto double ditto		
——Havannah, white		20
——Ditto brown		16
—Muscovado p. cwt	11 à	15 67
—— East India, pr. cwt.	14	66
Sp. Turpentine pr gall.		66
Salt, allum, pr bushell		60
—Liverpool		52
—Cadiz		60
—Lisbon		56
Ship building W. O. frames per ton	22	67
Ditto Live Oak,	26	
Do. Red Cedar pr foot		
Shingles 18 inches, pr M.		4
Ditto 2 feet	9	12
Ditto 3 feet dressed	16	
Staves, pipe pr 1000,	60	
——white oak hogshead	45	33
——Red oak ditto	28	
——Leegan	26	33
——Barrel	30	
——Heading	44	
Skins Otter, best pr piece	3	33
—Minks		26
—Fox, grey	20 to	54
—Ditto red	1	20
—Martins		50
—Fishers		57
—Bears	3	
—Racoons		60
—Musk-rats,		37
—Beaver, per lb.	1	62
—Deer, in hair	25 ã	33
Tar, 32 gall. per bbl.	250	
—Carolina, 32 gall.	2	50
Turpentine, per bbl.	3	20
Tobacco, J. River best 100lb.	7 à	8
——Petersburg	6 à	6 50
——Potowmac	3 à	5
——Georgia	6 à	7
——Carolina	4 à	5
Tea Hyson, per lb.	1 to	2
—Hyson skin,		83
—Souchong,	1 à	1 13
—Congo,		50
—Bohea,		35
Tallow, refined, per lb.		14
Tin, per box	16	50
Vanilla, per lb.	20 ã	24
Verdigrease, do.	1	
Vermillion,	1	50
Varnish, per gallon,		
Wax, Bees, per lb.		33
Whale-bone, long, pr lb.		12
Wine, Madeira pr p.	226	
——Lisbon,	126	
——Teneriffe, pr gal.		80
——Fayal,		67
——Port per pipe	150	
——Do. in bott. pr doz		
——Claret, per case	40 to	50
——Sherry, per gallon	1	50
——Malaga,		84

From the Cambridge Intelligencer.

THE NUN.

THE sun with golden lips impress'd the deep,
Slow moved the boat, beneath the dashing oar,
As low'd the herd upon the dizzy steep,
The sound came welcome, from a silent shore.
Pensive I sought the Convent's gloomy tow'r,
And watch'd the vestals lonely taper's gleam,
Wrapt close in thought and near the midnight hour,
I heard the death-bird's sorrow-boding scream.
List! 'tis a passing bell: it tolls so slow,
Sad oracle of swift, impressive woe;
The veil-clad sisters, o'er the sable bier,
Sing the slow dirge and shed the silent tear;
Those cloister'd rites, by pious duty paid,
Awake the heart to sorrow o'er the tomb,
Of some poor friendless, sad, deserted maid,
An early victim of monastic gloom.
Say, can the organ's heaven inspiring tones,
A rigid penance, veils, or friars grave,
Can speechless statues deck'd with human bones,
Heal the deep wound a lost affection gave!
Oh no, this mould'ring pile and cells may move
The soul to pity.—The heart to love
Will ever yield a fond endearing slave,
Till sorrow sinks the mourner to the grave.

ORLANDO.

From the AUGUSTA (Geor.) CHRONICLE.

DEBATES IN THE LONG NOS'D CLUB,

On the proposed Christian Convention.

Mr. Sangaroon. Mr. President, I humbly conceive that the business which is now before us, divides itself into three propositions. 1. Shall the Christian Convention be held in Augusta, on the first Tuesday in November next. 2. If it is not then and there holden, when and where shall it be. And 3. What measures shall be adopted to effect the great object of *staying the waters* and preventing them from passing over our streets, or carrying away our houses, whether *temples* or other buildings. As to the first proposition, the reasonability of its rejection is so obvious, I shall offer nothing on that head; but proceed to the second, which is a question of great magnitude, viz. "*when* and *where* shall this convention be held?"—the *when* I consider to be the most important part of the discussion, for if that is rightly concluded upon, the *where* will be truly *immaterial*—the *when* then we shall confine ourselves to for the present, and to give us a proper conception of this matter, it will be necessary to recur to the original *institutes* of this society:—There, Mr. President, it is laid down as a fundamental maxim in the *Prolegomena* thereof "that as the length, breadth and conformation of no two noses in the world is exactly the same, so neither can the ideas, opinions or conclusions of any two minds perfectly correspond—so, therefore, the enjoyment of *opinions* unmolested, is a matter of equal right with that of wearing a nose, and hence every oppugner of another's opinions is to be considered a breaker of the intellectual peace, and, as it were, a puller of the soul's nose." Now, Mr. President, as we can never hope for such a change *in natura rerum*, that is to say, as we can never expect to see all men's noses of a length, it is equally absurd to go about bringing all Christians to one [illegible] may be a time, but I hope it is far distant, when the affair may be practicable, that is, when all shall have "shuffled off this mortal coil;" and, to accommodate the *reformers*, I have, keeping this in view, drawn up the following resolution, which I submit, *with great deference*, to the opinion of the members.

"Resolved, That it is the opinion of the *Long Nos'd* Club, that the meeting of the *Christian Convention*, be postponed until the *day after* the general resurrection."

Mr. Bottlemore then rose and said. I do not mean to oppose the principle of this resolution, I object only to the particular day, and Mr. President, I am of opinion, that until the *concourse of atoms* is perfectly compleated, it would be exceedingly improper to have any terrestrial subject discussed, and as this *process* may consume more time than we are aware of, I move, that the words "General resurrection" be struck out, and the words "day of judgment" inserted in the room thereof.

Mr. Segaro then got up and spoke as follows.

Mr. President, I am friendly as well, to the spirit of the resolution, as to Mr. Bottlemore's amendment; there is a circumstance however which when duly considered, will perhaps induce a farther postponement of the matter in question, and that is, that the day contemplated in the amendment is the very day on which the *honorable Charles Fox* is to come to a final settlement with the Jews; now, that two objects may not interfere, and that many *Jews* who call themselves Christians may have no cause to say an advantage is taken of their situation, I propose that Mr. Bottlemore's amendment may give way to the following, viz. That the words "day after the general resurrection" be struck out, and the words "First Tuesday after the day of judgment" be inserted in lieu thereof.

The president having put the several questions in order, the resolution was adopted with Mr. Segaro's amendment and reads thus,

"*Resolved*, That it is the opinion of the *Long Nos'd Club*, that the meeting of the *Christian convention*, be postponed until the first Tuesday after the day of judgment."

Mr. Sangaroon then resumed—taking up the subject as his third proposition. The most obvious expedient (proceeded he) which occurs to me, as most effectual to prevent the *overflowing of the waters*, &c. is that a resolution to this effect may be adopted. "That it is the opinion of the *Long Nos'd Club*, that the best *token for good* in this case to be made, is, by *a bank and double ditch* thrown round the town of Augusta, and that for the effecting of which, all denominations and colors of Christians and Infidels, in the precincts of the said town, do, on the first Tuesday in every month, until the completion of the object, furnish themselves with a spade, mattock or hoe, and do eight hours *bona fide* labour each day until the bank aforesaid shall be raised to the height of eighteen inches above the level of the late fresh."

Mr. Cacafogo then rose and said, Mr. President I am opposed to the motion in all its parts; for why? because there is nothing said about the *woman* in it, neither about the friends of the *woman*, nor about the serpent, or even *child*, I confess I am somewhat at a loss to understand this, in as much as the *friends* of the *woman* and the *serpent* are represented as at enmity; now had *they* been *attached* there would have been no mystery it: I move therefore, that the sense of the members be had as to the *woman* the *serpent* &c. whether they are to be considered *naturally* so, or as metamorphors or how!

Mr. Cant observed. I am of opinion that by the *woman* is meant the *whore of Babylon* who is said to sit *upon many waters*, and we know that she is *Antichrist*, and therefore it must be the ecclesiastical powers of the *Pope of Rome* signified by the *flood*:—

Mr. O'Faddle interupted him with the following remark. J—s—s man! how will you make *the Pope a whore!*

The president called to order, when Mr. M'Sanders partly by way of reply to Mr. O'Faddle and partly as delivering his own sentiment on the subject said, Na, Na, faith, its na the Pope of Rome they mean,—its the persecutors of the true kirk of God they're speaking o;——and what kirk's that yeill say——a' a'! the kirk of Scotland to be sure!——sae, Mr. President, I'll move that on the second thursday of October next, there be a' great meeting had, that a' the world may become true Presbyterians.

Mr. Secretary Carbuncle then rose and observed, I differ in opinion with the learned polemical gentlemen who support the metaphorical constructions by them offered; although the *words* seems plainly to allude to the retreat of a *Lady Abbess* who certainly did retire into the wilderness some time ago with divers nymphs in her train, I think it would be most prudent to proceed no farther for the present in this mystical and important business, until the true intent and meaning of the premises be ascertained by communication from the reformers.

Which being agreed to, the Club adjourned to Club in course. Extract from the proceedings,

BILLY CARBUNCLE, Sec.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

"We also are men of like passions with you, and preach unto you, that ye should turn from these vanities."

DURING the first stages of Christianity, the apostles and the primitives of the church went about, like their benevolent Master doing good—While thus itinerating among those simple and credulous tribes scattered over the east, which the day spring from on high had not yet visited, many of the most familiar acts of these venerated men, would appear of a supernatural cast. Ignorance invariably begets wonder; that species of it which was excited in the villages of Palestine, and the oriental cities, by the conduct of the first Christians, was the rude admiration of the populace; and who more sunk in ignorance than the people of that remote age? Every thing beyond their narrow comprehension, would appear, like magic, and, in every rare exhibition of power, Gods, and not men, must be the agents.

Paul and Barnabas, (we learn it from their own history) were colleagues in apostleship, and companions in travel, in Lystra and Derbe, cities of Lycaonia, they preached the Gospel. The sanctity of their demeanor would of course, attaeh the respect of their hearers, and the slightest act of such good preachers would be magnified. Paul, in his walks through the streets of Lystra, observed and relieved the impotence of a cripple. Though the healing arts, which the saints employed, were, doubtless, seconded by Providence; yet moral skill were sufficient to make "the lame his crutch forego." The men of the city, when they witnessed this cure, supposed it must be effected by a celestial physician. They accordingly said and believed that the gods had descended in human shape. Barnabas was exalted into Jupiter, and Paul's eloquence dubbed him Mercury. Shocked at this impiety, and unwilling to arrogate any but deserved honour, the modest apostles, hearing that the priests, and garlands, and victims were at hand, ran and remonstrated to the enthusiastic people, "Sirs, why do you these things? We also are men of like passions with you, and preach unto you, that ye should turn from these vanities. Our appearance among you may be easily explained. Believing a new and rational system of religion ourselves, we are willing to impart it to others. When we heal your sick, we discharge one of the most important duties of man. There is no occasion to render us divine honours. We wish fervently, that not only ourselves but ye, might in purity of heart approach the Divine Nature. But we know that we are mere men, and frail ones too. We can perhaps sometimes cure the sick, but what course can we take with the well: those who are *whole* indeed in body, but tainted and perverted in mind. We may exhort others to the practice of virtue, and yet be ourselves among those who dwell carelessly. Are not such beings men? Yea, verily, we not only see, but *feel* the weakness of human nature.

Every age has its errors. Good preaching and benevolent actions, in the opinion of barbarians, exalt men to Gods. Among a polished and speculating people, neither the sound homilies of the parson, nor the charities at his door avail, unless his uniform *practice* is as divine as his *precepts*. He is secretly thought, sometimes openly called a hypocrite; and men doubt the rectitude and pleasantness of virtue's path, because he sometimes stumbles or turns aside. But virtue is the same let her followers treat her as they may, and if it promote our well being to go where this charming power leads, if you find a million, my good friends, who only *shew* the rout she has taken without joining her train, let not such inconsistency prevent thy pilgrimage.

These reflections are suggested, by the common remark—"If my divine practised, as he preaches, I might believe his doctrines." But his wild deviations are no impeachments of the rule. It is agreed that man is, at best, a feeble being, why should an individual in *black* be required to possess double the strength of him in green? Habits of meditation, of studying the scriptures, of contemplating the operations of Providence cause him to preach gravely. But still he is a man, of like passions with you, ye captious hearers; and, like you, he will sometimes indulge them. But believe one, who "has looked upon the world for four times ten years," passion is never indulged without remorse and suffering. This then is virtue's praise, that those who slight, yet trumpet her charms. Give the preacher credit for the morality of his writings, exhibit that morality in your lives, and enquire not too cautiously whether his life and doctrine are coincident. Possibly they are not; possibly he is "in weakness and wanderings often;" but if he err, it should be remembered he is a man of like passions with you. The candid Paul confesses, that he delighted in the law, after the inward man, that is, his judgment was convinced of the utility of good morals; but there was a law in his members *warring*, a word of singular emphasis, warring against the law of his mind. He adds, in his rapid logic, *that* which I do, I allow not. If then I do that which I would not, I confess unto the law, that it is good. An adept in every mystery of human nature, and sagacious if not holy as a saint, has a phrase like the following, I can easier teach twenty, what were good to be done, than to be one of the twenty to follow my own teaching.

THE LAY PREACHER.

From late English papers.

THE EPISTLE FROM THE YEARLY MEETING, *HELD IN LONDON,*

By adjournments, from the 15th to the 25th of the fifth month, 1796, inclusive.

To the Quarterly and Monthly Meetings of Friends in Great-Britain, Ireland and elsewhere.

Dear Friends,

WE find our friends again engaged to send you the salutation of our love in Christ, desiring that, as we have been careful not to address you in formality, nor without a fresh belief that it is our duty, so ye may not consider this our epistle as a customary matter, nor read in that disposition that is always seeking after some new thing; but may be willing to consider what parts of it are applicable to your own respective states; and let the expressions of our concern for your present and everlasting welfare, receive and retain a sufficient place in your minds.

The accounts of the sufferings which have been sustained by our friends in Great-Britain, as now reported to this meeting, amount to £. 8,658—about £. 1,000 of which consists of distraints for the late assessment for manning the navy; the rest, as usual, are chiefly for tythes, and demands of a similar nature. The amount of sufferings brought in from Ireland is £. 2,303. And as we are informed that an opinion publicly prevails, that the purpose of these accounts is in order that the sufferings may be reimbursed, we desire friends every where, as occasion may offer, to contradict this opinion, which hath no foundation in truth.

The friends mentioned in our last epistle to be imprisoned on account of our testimony against tythes, still remain prisoners in the county jail of York; objects themselves, as well as their afflicted families, of the sympathy of their fellow-professors; to whose lot it hath not fallen to experience treatment so rigorous.

We have this year received epistles from our friends of the yearly meeting of North and South Carolina and Georgia, of Virginia, of Pennsylvania, of New-York and of New-England—evincing their continued concern to support our testimonies and our Christian discipline. The inhabitants of the Continent, dwelling in fertile regions once possessed by different tribes of the Indian natives, are doubtless bound to regard them with benevolence: accordingly we find our friends engaged in an undertaking to furnish them with some of the comforts of civilized life. A fund is raising to supply the expence of instructing them in agriculture, in mechanic arts, and some useful branches of learning.

On examining into the state of our society in these nations, we find cause to believe that, in many parts, the attention of friends is gradually fixing, more and more closely, on the excellence of the several testimonies which we are required to bear: and we are persuaded that, were our members universally more loosened in their affections from the profits and the friendships of the world, the standard of truth would be more conspicuously and availingly displayed.

Let us consider, brethren, what is the cause of our dissent from the prevailing opinions and practices of the age. Is it not that we most surely believe that our faith is more consistent with the evangelical purity of the primitive times; and our manners less liable to promote an attachment to a world that passeth away? How then shall we set the candle, that hath been thus mercifully lighted in any of us, under the bed or the bushel; giving up any part of our testimony, be it ever so small, for the sake of ease, or of outward advantage?

The beloved apostle declared, that "God is light, and in him is no darkness at all." A manifestation of this divine light, in infinite mercy, is given to every man, to lead him out of the misery of fallen nature, unto the Eternal Fountain of Life and Light. In every society of people, in which place is given to any kind of unrighteousness, an eclipse of the light necessarily follows as far as the compliance with evil extends; and, if this state be continued in, spiritual death must ensue. Wherefore, brethren, in your conduct as individuals, and in the part which ye take in the exercise of the discipline established amongst us, be ye animated to resist every appearance of evil; remembering, that, as our Heavenly Father cannot unite with darkness, so neither must those unite with it; who desire to attain fellowship with Him: in which fellowship our happiness consisteth, both in time and in eternity.

In these times of worldly commotion, the concern still remains with us, that our brethren may be preserved from joining with any thing that, immediately or remotely conduces to promote it. And although of late, we have from year to year, testified our desire that Friends may take no part in that which genders strife, we still fear all are not sufficiently cautious, or sensible of the advantage of mixing as little as possible with the fluctuating politics of the times. For truly, were all concerned to work out their own salvation with fear and trembling, the mind would be preserved on its proper centre; and to mix with the multitude, in their pursuit of the favourite object of any party, would be dreaded rather than desired.

Respecting the slave-trade, though we have no good tidings to proclaim, we feel unwilling to pass it over in silence. As a body, we have been among the foremost to expose its turpitude; and, although it doth not appear at present to be our duty to take any public steps as the advocates of this degraded class of our fellow-creatures, we still continue to view the commerce with unabated abhorrence: and we much desire that no one, once touched with a sense of its complicated woe, may suffer its being thus dreadfully protracted, to efface the impression from his memory, or sympathy from his heart.

This meeting hath been very large, and our minds have been much exercised in a travail for the cause of truth. O, Friends of every description, how would ye contribute, not only to your own peace as individuals, but to render our assemblies, under the sanction of the Great Master, seasons of rejoicing, were ye all to be engaged in earnest, each

one for himself, to do away the hurtful and hindering things, which, ye muſt be ſenſible, are yet to be found within our borders!

Finally, dear Friends, remember the apoſtolic declaration, "The foundation of God ſtandeth ſure, having this ſeal, The Lord knoweth them that are his." Strive therefore to become ſuch, by obedience to his holy law. It hath been our uniform and conſtant teſtimony, that God has vouchſafed his grace and good ſpirit unto the children of men univerſally, as the means of our ſatisfaction.—May ye therefore, in your ſeveral degrees of growth, evince, and recommend your belief in it, by dwelling under its holy influence —Again, in Goſpel affection, we ſalute you, and bid you farewell.

Were any well meaning bookſeller to reprint Latimer's Sermons, it is poſſible, nay, probable, he would be laid hold of for libellous doctrine. The very title would terrify the *Church and King men* of the preſent day, for thus is it worded:

"Publiſhed for the benefit of the good people of England, all the diſcourſes of that Right Reverend, and faithful Martyr of Jeſus Chriſt, Maſter Hugh Latimer, the firſt proteſtant Biſhop of Worceſter; being an honeſt reprehenſion in life and manners, of *careleſs* Kings, *prodigal* Princes, *corrupt* Lords, *unjuſt* Judges, *time-ſerving* Magiſtrates, and *back-ſliding* chriſtians."

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1796.

MARRIED, on Saturday evening the 10th inſt. by the Rev. Mr. Uſtick, Mr. JAMES ENEFER to Miſs MARY BASKERVILLE.

———, On Tueſday evening the 20th inſtant, Mr. SAMUEL COOPER to Miſs MARY BABE.

———, On Thurſday the 22d inſt. Mr. THOMAS DUNN to Miſs RACHEL ERVIN. All of this city.

From a late Paris Paper.

DEATH OF THE BRAVE CAROUGE.

ANECDOTE.

The death of the brave Carouge, a naval lieutenant, and commander of the corvette L'Aſſemblee Nationale, is one of thoſe events which ought to be handed down to poſterity. The following account taken from the proces verbaux of the ſhipwreck of this corvette, arrived on the 16th Fructidor in the 3d year of the French Republic, and may be added to the numerous examples of generous intrepidity in Frenchmen, and brutal ferocity in the Engliſh. Carouge finding himſelf purſued by an Engliſh frigate of the largeſt ſize, determined to run aground ſooner than become a prey to the enemy. The corvette touches the rocks which are the entry of the river de Treguier. Carouge preſerves the utmoſt compoſure, cuts down his maſts, and gives orders that the boats which had been put to ſea to take the veſſel in tow, ſhould proceed immediately to land the ſhips crew. He is earneſtly requeſted to land himſelf, but in vain. "My duty and honor, replied he oblige me to remain the laſt on board; ſave yourſelves, I am at my poſt." The boats pick up a part of the crew. By and by the corvette founders, and the brave Carouge, with the few brave companions who were left behind, ſunk to the bottom. Every effort was put in practice to ſave them. Enſign Rogerie tried to ſecure the captain. I have done ſays he, in his declaration, all in my power to preſerve him; I held him a conſiderable time by the hair, while he continuedf aſt to one of my legs. But perceiving his ſtrength failing he let me go, ſaying, "you will periſh with me, ſave yourſelf my friend, I will not be the cauſe of your death."

And what were the Engliſh doing all this time? they fired upon theſe unfortunate wretches, and upon the boats which went to pick them up; a number of bullets having fell among the ſailors who were ſwimming. The frigate diſpatched three boats to take poſſeſſion of the corvette and her crew, who diſcovered nothing but the wrecks of the veſſel and the dead corples of a few unfortunate men, whom their brave comrades were unable to carry off. The remainder reached ſhore in ſpite of the Engliſh muſketry.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

CHARLESTON, September 5.

In Saturday's paper we mentioned, that it appeared by a Philadelphia paper that General Pinckney was ſpoken of there as miniſter plenipotentiary to the French Republic, in the place of Mr. Monro, who is recalled. We are ſince informed by good authority, that the general received notice of his nomination to that important ſtation from the Preſident of the United States, as early as the 27th of July laſt, and that he has gone to Philadelphia in conſequence of the nomination.

As the lateſt accounts from Europe hold out the proſpect of a peace being near at hand, between the French Republic, and the continental powers ſtill at war with her, it is more than probable, on this event taking place, that new regulations reſpecting commerce will be brought forward, and it may be neceſſary for America to renew her treaties with the French Republic and the other powers. Should this be the caſe, it muſt be highly ſatisfactory to the citizens of the United States that the negociations are to be entruſted to ſo able a civilian, and one who has always evinced that he has the honor and intereſt of his country ſincerely at heart.

HARTFORD, September 19.

Laſt Tueſday was brought to trial before the ſupreme court in this city, Richard Done, a native of Ireland, for the murder of Daniel M'Evers.—On the following day was found guilty by the Jury, and has received ſentence of DEATH, which is to be executed on the 14th day of December next.

WHITESTOWN, September 7.

Twelve years ago, Whiteſtown (which was then larger than the whole ſtate of Connecticut) contained only two families—Yeſterday the troops belonging to colonel Doolittle's regiment, were inſpected by general Van Horne. They conſiſted of captain Platt's company of light horſe, and captain Collin's company of light infantry, which appeared in complete uniform, and four infantry companies—amounting in the whole to 400 men, and double that number of ſpectators. Their appearance and good behaviour merit the thanks of every good citizen.

The part of the ſtate which compriſed Whiteſtown, twelve years ago, and then conſiſted of about ten perſons, can now produce as many regiments, that contain 400 men each, and better organized, armed and equipped, than the city of New-York can produce.

ALBANY, September 16.

A number of bales of goods, marked, "For the Six Nations." have been lately received in this city, and tranſmitted by land to Schenectady, from whence they will be ſent in large boats to the Indian country. Theſe goods are on account of the United States.

The electioneering campaign has opened in the Weſtern diſtrict. A large meeting in Otſego, judge Peck in the chair, reſolve to ſupport William Cooper for their repreſentative in Congreſs. This diſtrict is very extenſive, and contains nearly 100,000 inhabitants. There will probably be ſeveral candidates; but the principal competitors, it is ſaid, will be judge Cooper, and James Cochran, Eſq.

NEW-YORK, September 22.

But two perſons died at Newburyport from the 14th to the 17th inſt. of the malignant fever; and on the latter date, only one perſon was ſick.

By the ſhip Diana, arrived on Saturday from Aux Cayes, which place ſhe left the 28th of Aug. We are informed that the delegates there had arreſted Pierre Ganon, formerly civil ordonnateur there, and had ſent him and Pierre Duval, formerly comptroller of the marine, on board the corvette, the African, without doubt to be ſent to Cape Francois, to render an account of their conduct whilſt in office.

By the ſame veſſel we are informed that on the 27th ult. La Franc, a man of colour, commandant of St. Louis was arretted by order of the delegates, but eſcaped from the hands of two officers, ordered by General De Fourneau to conduct him on board the African.

After making his eſcape, he called out, to arms! to arms; by which means a number of his friends were ſoon aſſembled, with which he took poſſeſſion of the fort and battery, at L'Iſſett, from whence they fired upon a party of the regiment of Berwick, that had been ſent to ſeize him, killed one or two men, and wounded the commanding officer and two men.

The delegates, deſirous to avoid greater miſchief, thought it proper to order Gen. Rigaud to execute their order, and therefore ſent off an expreſs to him at the camp before Irois, which poſt he had for ſome time been laying ſiege to; and it was tho't that on this account he had abandoned the attack, and returned to Aux-Cayes with his army. They are confirmed in this opinion by the ſilence that reigned in the fort and works at Irois, at the time they paſſed, and by the burning of what they ſuppoſed to be works and buſh, conſtructed by Rigaud on an eminence commanding the Eaſt ſide of Irois bay.

The delegates finding themſelves unable to get poſſeſſion of Jeremie, either by force, fraud, or their proffered amneſty, had detached a party of 200 picked men towards the ſettlement of Plymouth, in poſſeſſion of the Britiſh, with orders to burn, deſtroy and carry off every thing from the defenceleſs plantations, and we have reaſon to believe that in this ſpecies of ſavage warfare, they have been but too ſucceſsful.

Two Britiſh frigates were lying at anchor in Irois bay, and an armed brig got under way as the Diana was paſſing, and ſtood along ſhore towards Jeremie without taking any notice of him.

A gentleman, yeſterday arrived from Jamaica, informs, that beſides the La Renommee, of 44 guns, there were lying in Kingſton harbour, three other French frigates, lately taken by the men-of-war and frigates on that ſtation. The prizes are ſaid to be of conſiderable force—alſo, that General Whyte, lately arrived, and now commander in chief at St. Nicholas Mole, had ſent the Leviathan, Hannibal and Canada of 74 guns, to Monto Chriſti, where they ſoon arrived, and the Spaniards ſurrendered the town to the Britiſh commiſſioners. The inhabitants took the oath of allegiance to the King of Great-Britain, they have deputed commiſſioners to the Mole, requeſting to become ſubject to his Majeſty's government: There were a great number of Spaniſh troops at Monto Chriſti, ready to defend their country againſt any attempts from Sonthonax and his partizans, to invade or diſturb the peace of the colony. The town of Cape-Francois, which is the reſidence of Sonthonax, and capital of French St. Domingo, is only fourteen leagues from the Mount, and plainly viſible from thence in a clear day. The town of Monto Chriſti is ſituate about ſixteen hundred yards from the ſea, riſes as an amphitheatre on the ſide of the coaſt, which, round the bay, is very high ground; it is four hundred yards ſquare—forty years ago was a free port of great moment, in time of war, vaſtly frequented by enterpriſing traders, chiefly from the American continent, who had unremitted intercourſe with the merchants, then in great numbers ſettled at this place, which clearly evinced its preeminence to all others for the reſidence of ſpirited and ſpeculative adventurers.

Dr. Barrett, an eminent phyſician of Charleſton, in a late publication ſays, "For my part I have been uniformly of opinion, that the epidemic which afflicts the Northern ſtates, originated in the South, and is now, by re-action, vibrating to that point, from an eſſential ſympathy inherent in nature."

Laſt Wedneſday morning ſe'nnight, a moſt ſhocking and truly lamentable affair took place in New-Haven. A Mr. Benjamin Haywood, a young gentleman belonging to Charleſton (South-Carolina) who had received his education at Yale-College, put an end to his exiſtence by ſhooting himſelf with a piſtol through the head: he lay in the greateſt diſtreſs for ſeveral hours before he expired.

He was a young man who was very much eſteemed by all who knew him. He was graceful and polite, affable and engaging; and a true philanthropiſt.

Though he left ſeveral letters with a confidential friend of his, we have not been able to learn that he gave any particular reaſons for his raſhneſs: but that he had been long determined upon it.

Tranſlated for the Minerva.

We obſerved that the Directory had announced a new feſtival to the Pariſians. The following decree has been publiſhed relative to this ſubject.

The Executive Directory, conſidering that if agriculture be the firſt of arts, it is more eſpecially ſo in a republic, covering a vaſt extent of territory; it is that alone which can inſure the liberty of a people, and ſupport it, when at the dependence of neighboring nations, it is the primary and inexhauſtible ſource of public proſperity and national wealth; that in ſubſtituting the real enjoyments of nature to the fictitious wants of luxury and idleneſs; it heaps up a ſimplicity and purity of manners; conſidering, in ſhort, a forgetfulneſs of the public honors due to agriculture, as ſure marks of ſlavery, and corruption of the people, do decree—

Art. I. The feſtival of agriculture, appointed to be kept on the 10th Thermidor, by the law of the 3 Brumaire, ſhall be celebrated in all the Cantons of the Republic, with all the ſplendor which local circumſtances may permit.

II. The municipal adminiſtrations are charged with the neceſſary diſpoſitions to carry the ſame into effect.

III. The adminiſtrations, the commiſſioner of the executive power, the conſtituted authorities, the national guard in and out of duty; in ſhort, all citizens and their reſpective wives aſſembled by beat of drum and trumpet, ſhall arrange themſelves in order upon the public ſquare.

IV. About a few ſteps from the altar of the country, a plough ſhall be placed, decorated with leaves of trees and flowers, and drawn by horſes or oxen. In the communes where a car may be procured, it ſhall follow the plough, upon which ſhall be mounted a ſtatue of liberty, holding in one hand the horn of plenty, and with the other pointing to the implements of huſbandry, heaped up before it in the car. The plough ſhall be preceded by a group of twenty four huſbandmen, choſen from among the moſt aged of the Canton, commendable by the conſtancy and ſucceſs of their labors; they ſhall be preceded by their wives and children. Every perſon ſhall hold in one hand an implement of huſbandry, and in the other a handful of flowers, ears of corn and tri-coloured ribbons.

V. The municipal adminiſtration ſhall point out that individual among the huſbandmen who moſt deſerves to be ſet up as an example by his intelligence, activity and good conduct, and during the whole ceremony he ſhall be ſeated by the ſide of the Preſident.

VI. The Preſident ſhall deliver a diſcourſe in honor of the object of the feſtival.

VII. With the ſound of muſic intermixed with hymns, the proceſſion ſhall advance into the country, and arrange themſelves in a field which the municipality ſhall diſpoſe for that purpoſe.

VIII. The laborers ſhall mix with the armed citizens; and upon a ſignal given, they ſhall make an immediate exchange of their implements of their huſbandry for their firelocks.

IX. To the ſounds of hymns and trumpets, the Preſident ſhall ſink the ploughſhare in the ground, and turn up a furrow.

X. The laborers ſhall return the firelocks decked with flowers and ears of corn, and take back their utenſils, upon the top of which ſhall appear tri-colored ribbons flying.

XI. The proceſſion ſhall return to the public ſquare; the preſident and the huſbandmen honored with the reward, ſhall depoſit upon the altar of the country, all the agricultural utenſils, and cover them with ears of corn, flowers and the various productions of the earth; this ceremony ſhall be performed to the ſounds of trumpets and ſongs.

XII. The feſtival ſhall conclude with dances.

GAZETTE OF THE *UNITED STATES* MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, September 24.

ARRIVED,		days.
Sloop Induſtry,	Wharton,	Antigua 19
Betſey,	Lloyd,	Virginia 6
Schr: Three Siſters,	Smith,	New-York 8
Brig Diana,	Southworth,	Boſton 16

Ship Clerimont of Wilmington, (N. C.) arrived at Liverpool from Hull, before the Swift, arrived here, ſailed from thence.

PORTSMOUTH, (N. H.) Sept. 15.

Arrived ſch'r Zilpha. from Tobago, J. Flagg, maſter, 23 days paſſage. A few days previous to his leaving the iſland, was ſent in there by the Fury, Britiſh ſloop of war, the ſloop Independence, John Prince maſter, of Philadelphia, from Cayenne, bound to Trinadad. Captain and crew turned on ſhore, cargo ſaid to be very valuable.

Arrived here laſt evening, the Friendſhip of Newbury-Port. captain Thomas Smith, in 9 days from Halifax, having been ſent in there for adjudication, and after paying coſt and charges, which amounted to near 2000 dollars, was permitted to proceed—Brings nothing new.

A number of paſſengers came in the Friendſhip from Halifax, who had their veſſels ſent in there and condemned with their cargoes, without any ſatisfactory trial, or even proof.

Among the paſſengers are, Mr. Leonard Smith, Newbury-Port; Mr. Sanger, of Baltimore; Mr. Bonner and Mr. Arthur Jones, of Philadelphia; Mr. Holfwilders, of Amſterdam, laſt from Surinam.

Left at Halifax, the 6th inſt. the following veſſels ſent in for adjudication, viz.

Ship Carliſle, of Baltimore, for Rotterdam, a brig from the Iſle of France, for Baltimore; a brig from Surinam for Philadelphia, was cleared, after paying coſts and charges, which amounted to 2,000 dollars; the ſhip Iris, of New-York, from Havre, with ſalt. They ſuppoſed goods to be concealed among the ſalt.

Mr. Jones, a gentleman paſſenger in the Friendſhip, has a liſt of perſons names in America, who ſend information to Halifax of all the veſſels they hear of, which ſail from the United States, that Capt. Cochran, of the Thetis frigate, may be informed of the ſame, and ſend them in for adjudication. Papers have been intercepted from Captain Cochran, containing a multiplicity of information given to him by perſons ſtyling themſelves citizens of the United States. Among the informers are David Patterſon and Samuel Fleming, of Norfolk, in Virginia. When Mr. Jones reaches Philadelphia, he is determined to publiſh all their names at length, and give ſome intereſting information relative to the proceedings of the courts of juſtice;—his taking paſſage immediately in the ſtage, had not time to furniſh us with it.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 5.

ENTERED.

Ship Butler,	Jones,	St. Thomas's
Brig Beaver,	Cook,	Wilmington
Amſterdam,	Scott,	Amſterdam
Fame,	Izath,	Madeira
Snow Polly,	Reilly,	Philadelphia

On Saturday laſt anchored at Fort Johnſton, the Engliſh brig Henry, captain Fox, in 40 days from Jamaica. She ſailed with the homeward bound fleet. She is a return tranſport in ballaſt, and was bound to Portſmouth, England, but having ſprung her mainmaſt, has come to this port to repair her damage. Captain Fox informs, that when the fleet was off the Havannah, the Britiſh commander of the convoy was ſpoken to by a Spaniſh frigate, which informed, that there were then off the Havannah, three French 74 gun ſhips; that he had been boarded by the admiral the day before. On receiving this information, the Britiſh convoy, conſiſting of the Intrepid, a 64, the Sovereign of 50, two frigates, and two armed Eaſt-India ſhips, were drawn together, & did not pay the attention to the fleet they had before done; in conſequence of this, and contrary winds, it became much ſcattered.—This was about the 22d of Auguſt; on the 23d, captain Fox was much to leeward of the body of the fleet which appeared to be ſtanding along the coaſt of Cuba; he then ſaw ſixteen or twenty ſail of the fleet to leeward of him, and without any veſſel of war being with them; he ſtood over to the Tortugas and has not ſeen any of them ſince. He knows nothing of any of the fleet being captured.

BALTIMORE, September 22.

Yeſterday arrived brig Eliza Johnſon, Capt. Clozier, from Rochelle, which place he left on the 12th of Auguſt. Captain Clozier brings no news, nor any papers later than the 12th of July.

September 10th, ſpoke the ſhip Eagram of Baltimore.

September 14, ſpoke ſloop Preſident of Boſton.

September 18, ſpoke brig Peggy, Capt. Baker, from Philadelphia, out 27 days—all bound to Cowes and a market.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 23.

ARRIVED.		Days.
Brig Electa,	Clark,	Petit Trou, 19
Schr. Tryal,	Hand,	Richmond, 7
Mercury,	——,	Norfolk, 4
Sloop Rainbow,	Harding,	Savannah, 16
Experiment,	Loten,	Turk's-Iſland, 22

KINGSTON, (Jam.) Auguſt 15.

Saturday his majeſty's ſloop of war Jamaica, Capt. Brooking arrived at Port Royal, in 8 days from Cape Nichola Mole.

Major Gilleſpie and Mr. C. Cole came down in her.

Before the Jamaica quitted the Mole, a veſſel arrived there with the pleaſing information of Adm. Mann having fallen in with Adm. Richery's ſquadron, conſiſting of ſix ſail of the line, the whole of which he captured.

GERMANTOWN ELECTION DISTRICT.

Mr. FENNO,

A MEETING of the Freemen of the townſhips of Germantown, Roxborough and Briſtol, compoſing this Diſtrict, is requeſted to be held on Thurſday next, the 29th inſt. at 3 o'clock, P. M. at the ſign of General WASHINGTON in Germantown, to fix on a ticket to be run in this Diſtrict for the County of Philadelphia, in the choice of Governor, and of Electors of a Preſident and Vice Preſident of the United States, one Repreſentative in Congreſs, and a Repreſentative in the General Aſſembly of the State.—The occaſion is important, and it is hoped the meeting will be numerous and reſpectable.

SUNDRY ELECTORS.

September 24.

On Monday morning next will be publiſhed,

By WILLIAM COBBETT,

Oppoſite Chriſt Church,

THE POLITICAL CENSOR

FOR SEPTEMBER.

CONTAINING,

The LIFE of THOMAS PAINE, interſperſed with remarks and reflexions; and

Obſervations on the Pamphlets lately publiſhed againſt P. Porcupine.

September 24. *3

New-England Rum,

In hogſheads,

Welſh's beſt Boſton Chocolate,

And

HYSON-SKIN TEA, in quarter cheſts,

FOR SALE, BY

A. MARPLE & ISR. W. MORRIS,

No. 60. Dock-ſtreet.

Sept. 24. co6t.

For Sale,

The SLOOP

INDUSTRY,

Burthen about 700 bbls. a good veſſel, and will be ready to take in a cargo in two or three days. Alſo,

FOR SALE,

A few hhds. ANTIGUA RUM, received by ſaid ſloop, and now landing at Morton's wharf. Apply to

THOMAS GREEVES,

Sept. 24. d6t. No. 73, Walnut-ſtreet.

LANDING,

From on board the Brig REBECCA, Dominic Davine, Maſter, at Philip Care's Wharf, and for Sale by the Subſcriber,

London Particular Madeira WINE,

In Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks.

There are in the above parcel 10 Hhds. of CHOICE OLD WINE, fit for immediate uſe.

Robert Andrews,

Sept. 6. mw&f No. 86, So. Wharves.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Cheſnut-ſtreet,

(Price 12 1-2 Cents)

The PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

To the People *of the* United States,

Announcing his intention of retiring from public life at the expiration of the preſent conſtitutional term of preſidency.

September 20. d

JUST PUBLISHED,

From the Preſs of MOREAU DE ST. MERY,

And to be had at the principal Bookſellers in the city,

(Price five ſive-penny bits)

A Humourous Pamphlet, entitled

The Political Maſſacre;

Or, *Unexpected Obſervations on the Writings of our preſent ſcribblers.*

By JAMES QUICKSILVER, Author of the *Blue Shop.*

Embelliſhed with a curious Caricature.

Sept. 19. dtf

Brokers Office, and COMMISSION STORE.

No. 63 South Third ſtreet, oppoſite the national new Bank.

SAMUEL M FRAUNCES and JOHN VAN REED, have entered into co-partnerſhip, under the firm of FRAUNCES & VAN REED, in the buſineſs of Brokers, Conveyancers and Commiſſion merchants. They buy and ſell on commiſſion every ſpecies of ſtock, notes of hand, bills of exchange, houſes and lands, &c.

MONEY procured on depoſits, &c. &c. all kinds of writings in the conveyancing line, done with neatneſs and diſpatch; accounts adjuſted, and books ſettled, in the moſt correct manner. Conſtant attendance will be given. They ſolicit a ſhare of the public favor; they are determined to endeavour to deſerve it.

N. B. The utmoſt ſecrecy obſerved.

SAMUEL M. FRAUNCES,
JOHN VAN REED.

Philad. Auguſt 27, 1796. m&wtf

BRANDY,

OF 1ſt and 4th proof, and equal in quality to that imported from France, may be had of the ſubſcriber at his Diſtillery, No. 115, Story or New-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, where the public, upon application, may judge for themſelves, and will find it an object well worth their attention.

RUM and GIN in any quantity, for exportation or home conſumption, and of ſuperior quality—by

Thomas Cave.

P. S. RYE, MALT, BARLEY, and MELASSES, will be purchaſed, or taken in exchange for ſpirits, upon application as above. Alſo any quantity of Claret or other wine fit for diſtillation.

Auguſt 29 h. 1796. M4w

Now Publiſhing by the Printer,

At No. 3, Lætitia Court, delivering to Subſcribers, and to be had at the different Book-Stores in this City,

Berriman & Co's

CHEAP AND ELEGANT EDITION OF

The HOLY BIBLE.

Containing the Old and New Teſtaments and the Apocrypha, with marginal notes and references. An Index; or an account of the moſt remarkable paſſages in the old and new Teſtament, pointing to the places wherein they happened, and to the places of ſcripture wherein they are recorded.—A Table of Time.—Tables of ſcripture meaſures, weights and coins: with an appendix, containing the method of calculating its MEASURES of SURFACES *hitherto wanting in Treatiſes on this ſubject.* A Table of *Offices* and *Conditions* of men.

CONDITIONS

1. The ſize of this Edition will be a LARGE FOLIO, printed on a beautiful new type, and good paper, made particularly for it, It will be publiſhed in Numbers, not to exceed 30, one of which will be delivered weekly to ſubſcribers, at a quarter of a dollar. Thoſe ſubſcribers who prefer receiving the work *complete,* will be attended to by ſignifying the ſame on any of the ſubſcription papers in the Bookſtores in this city.

2. There will be an advance in the price, on ſubſcribing after the firſt of Auguſt next.

3. In the courſe of the Work will be given an elegant Frontiſpiece—From an Engraving of the celebrated artiſt, GRIGNION.

BERRIMAN & Co. gratefully acknowledge the very liberal encouragement they have met with; and have reaſon to believe that the exeeution of their edition will anſwer every expectation, and *ſpeak its own praiſe.*

May 26 3aweom.

Philip Nicklin & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

Souchong
Hyſon Skin
Young Hyſon } FRESH TEAS
Hyſon and
Imperial
Yellow Nankeens
China Ware, aſſorted in Boxes and Cheſts
Quickſilver
Bandanno Handkerchiefs of excellent quality in cheſts
London Market
London particular } MADEIRA WINE in pipes, hogſheads, & quarter caſks
New-York Market
Teneriffe Wine in pipes and hogſheads
Sugar Candy by the Box
Sail Canvas No. 1 a 8
Lead in ſheets
3 Caſks of Cutlery aſſorted
A few cheſts of Manchester Goods, aſſorted thickſets, cords, ſtriped Nankeens, &c.
3 Small packages of black ſewing-ſilks
8 Tierces Virginia Snake-root.
Nails aſſorted in caſks

July 18 mw&f

Mr. FRANCIS,

(Of the New Theatre)

TAKES this opportunity of returning thanks to his ſcholars and to the public. Mr. Francis intends, on his return from Maryland, to open a public academy for dancing, upon a plan entirely new. He flatters himſelf that his attention to his pupils hitherto renders any promiſes of conducting his future ſchemes on the moſt liberal and ſtricteſt terms, of propriety, totally unneceſſary.

N. B. Private tuition as uſual.

June 3 1aw

JOHN MILLER, Jun. & Co.

No. 8, CHESNUT STREET,

Have Imported in the late veſſels from Europe, &c.

AND HAVE FOR SALE,

A general aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon—

Amongſt which are,

BROAD and narrow CLOTHS,
Plain and twill'd COATINGS,
Roſe ſtriped and point BLANKETS,
FLANNELS and BAISES,
HATS aſſorted in caſes,
IRISH LINENS,
INDIA GOODS, generally,
A Conſigned Invoice of IRONMONGERY,

Comprifing a capital aſſortment to open a ſtore—including Thirty Caſks of NAILS. This invoice will be ſold entire on very advantageous terms.

September 20. d

Lottery

FOR raiſing ſix thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty-ſeven dollars and fifty cents, by a deduction of fifteen per cent from the prizes, and not two blanks to a prize. viz

1	Prize of	5000 dollars is dollars	5000
1		1000	1000
1		500	500
5		200	1000
20		100	2000
99		50	4950
200		25	5000
2000		10	20,000
5	Laſt drawn numbers of 1000 dollars each,		5000
2332	Prizes.		44,450
4018	Blanks.		
6350	Tickets at Seven Dollars each,		44,450

By order of the Directors of the Society for eſtabliſhing Uſeful Manufactures, the ſuperintendants of the Paterſon Lottery have requeſted the Managers to offer the foregoing Scheme to the public, and have directed them to refund the money to thoſe perſons who have purchaſed in the former Lottery, or exchange the tickets for tickets in this Lottery.

The lottery has actually commenced drawing, and will continue until finiſhed. A liſt of the Blanks and Prizes may be ſeen at the office of William Blackburn, No. 64 ſouth Second ſtreet, who will give information where tickets may be procured.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1796.

J. N. CUMMING,
JACOB R. HARDENBERG, } Managers.
JONATHAN RHEA,

dtf co

Samuel Richardet,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Gentlemen Merchants, that he has this day opened the CITY TAVERN and MERCHANTS COFFEE HOUSE in the city of Philadelphia:

The Subſcription Room will be furniſhed with all the daily papers publiſhed in Philadelphia, New-York, Boſton, Baltimore, together with thoſe of the principal commercial cities of Europe—They will be regularly filed and none permitted to be taken away on any account.

Tea, Coffee, Soupes, Jellies, Ice Creams, and a variety of French Liquors; together with the uſual refreſhments, will at all times be procured at the bar.

Gentlemen may depend on being accommodated with the choiceſt of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, and the moſt approved Malt Liquors from London and other breweries.

The Larder will be ſupplied with the prime and earlieſt productions of the Seaſon.

Large and ſmall Parties, or ſingle Gentlemen, may be accommodated with Breakfaſts, Dinners, or Suppers, at hours moſt convenient to themſelves—a cold Collation is regularly kept for convenience, the Bill of Fare to be had at the bar.

The Lodging Rooms will be completely furniſhed, and the utmoſt attention paid to cleanlineſs, and every other requiſite.

☞ SAMUEL RICHARDET will be happy to receive, and execute the commands of his Friends, and the Public at large; and with gratitude for their favours, he pledges himſelf that nothing on his part ſhall be wanting to preſerve that patronage with which he has been ſo diſtinguiſhingly honored.

Philadelphia, April 19. mwf

Treaſury of the United States.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who are or may be Creditors of the United States, for any ſums of the *Funded Debt, or Stock, bearing a preſent intereſt of ſix per centum per annum.*

1ſt, That purſuant to an Act of Congreſs paſſed on the 28th day of April, 1796, intitled an act in addition to an act, intituled "An act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," the ſaid debt or ſtock will be reimburſed and paid in manner following, to wit. "Firſt, by dividends "to be made on the laſt days of March, June and Septem- "ber for the preſent year, and from the year one thouſand "ſeven hundred and ninety-ſeven, to the year one thou- "ſand eight hundred & eighteen incluſive, at the rate of "one and one half per centum upon the original capital. "Secondly, by dividends to be made on the laſt day of "December for the preſent year, and from the year one "thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-ſeven, to the year "one thouſand eight hundred and ſeventeen incluſive, at "the rate of three and one half per centum upon the ori- "ginal capital; and by a dividend to be made on the laſt "day of December, in the year one thouſand eight hun- "dred and eighteen, of ſuch ſum, as will be then ade- "quate, according to the contract, for the final redemption of the ſaid ſtock."

2d. All diſtinction between payments on account of *Intereſt* and *Principal* being thus aboliſhed by the eſtabliſhment of the permanent rule of reimburſement above deſcribed, it has become neceſſary to vary accordingly the powers of attorney for receiving dividends; the public creditors will therefore obſerve that the following form is eſtabliſhed for all powers of attorney which may be granted after the due promulgation of this notice, viz.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that I of do make, conſtitute and appoint of my true and lawful Attorney, for me, and in my name, to receive the dividends which are, or ſhall be payable according to law, on the (here deſcribing the ſtock) *ſtanding in my name in the books of* (here deſcribing the books of the Treaſury or the Commiſſioner of Loans, where the ſtock is credited) *from* (here inſert the commencement and expiration of time for which the power of attorney is to continue) *with power alſo an attorney or attornies under him, for that purpoſe to make and ſubſtitute, and to do all lawful acts requiſite for effecting the premiſes, hereby ratifying and confirming all that my ſaid Attorney or his ſubſtitute, ſhall lawfully do, by virtue hereof.*

In Witneſs hereof, I have hereunto ſet my Hand and Seal the day of in the year

Sealed and Delivered in preſence of,

BE IT KNOWN, that on the day of before me perſonally came within named and acknowledged the above letter of attorney to be his act and deed.

In teſtimony whereof I have hereunto ſet my Hand and affixed Seal the day and year laſt aforeſaid.

Given under my Hand at Philadelphia, this twentieth day of July 1796, purſuant to directions from the Secretary of the Treaſury.

SAMUEL MEREDITH,
Treaſurer of the United States.

July 23. 2w 3 t t f.

A Manufactory FOR SALE.

A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, ſituate in a convenient part of the city; the works almoſt new, on an entirely original conſtruction, and built of the beſt materials, and may be ſet to work immediately. Perſons who wiſh to purchaſe, are requeſted to apply at No. 273, South Second Street.

September 13. t t f tf

City of Waſhington.

SCHEME *of the* LOTTERY, No. II,

FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE

FEDERAL CITY.

A magnificent dwelling-houſe,	20,000 dollars, & caſh 30,000, are		50,000
1	ditto	15,000 & caſh 25,000	40,000
1	ditto	15,000 & caſh 15,000	30,000
1	ditto	10,000 & caſh 10,000	20,000
1	ditto	5,000 & caſh 5,000	10,000
1	ditto	5,000 & caſh 5,000	10,000
1	caſh prize of		10,000
2	do.	5,000 each, are	10,000
10	do.	1,000	10,000
20	do.	500	10,000
00	do.	100	10,000
200	do.	50	10,000
400	do.	25	10,000
1,000	do.	20	20,000
15,000	do.	10	150,000
16,739	Prizes.		
33,261	Blanks.		
50,000	Tickets, at Eight Dollars,		400,000

N. B. To favour thoſe who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, ſecuring payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not leſs than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant ſpecimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Waſhington---Two beautiful deſigns are already ſelected for the entire fronts on two of the public ſquares; from theſe prawings it is propoſed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as ſoon as poſſible after this lottery is ſold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner deſcribed in the ſcheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the neceſſary expenſes of printing, &c. and the ſurplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National Univerſity, to be erected within the city of Waſhington.

The Drawing will commence as ſoon as the tickets are ſold off.---The money prizes will be payable in thirty days after it is finiſhed; and any prizes for which fortunate numbers are not produced within twelve months after the drawing is cloſed, are to be conſidered as given towards the fund for the Univerſity; it being determined to ſettle the whole buſineſs in a year from the ending of the drawing, and to take up the bonds given as ſecurity.

The real ſecurities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the Preſident and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

The twenty four gentlemen who by appointment of the late Commiſſioners aſſiſted in the management of the Hotel Lottery are requeſted to undertake this arduous taſk a ſecond time on behalf of the public; a ſufficient number of theſe having kindly accepted, it is hoped that the friends to a National Univerſity and the other federal objects may continue to favor the deſign.

By accounts received from the different parts of the Continent as well as from Europe, where the tickets have been ſent for ſale, the public are aſſured that the drawing will ſpeedily commence, and that the care and caution unavoidably neceſſary to inſure a ſafe diſpoſal of the tickets, has rendered the ſhort ſuſpenſion indiſpenſable.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

☞ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; o James Weſt & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boſton of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells Cooper's Ferry. eo

---

WATSON'S ANSWER to GIBBON.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for ſale by J. ORMROD, No. 41, Cheſnut-ſtreet,

Apology for Chriſtianity,

In a ſeries of Letters, addreſſed to

EDWARD GIBBON, ESQ.

Author of the Hiſtory of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire:

By *R. WATSON,* D. D. F. R. S. Biſhop of Landaff.

(Price 75 cents bound.)

Watſon's Anſwer to Paine,

To be had at the ſame place.

The enemies of Religion are awake! Let not her friends ſleep.

Sept. 1. mw&ftf

RAYNER TAYLOR,

MUSIC PROFESSOR,

No. 96, NORTH-SIXTH STREET.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Scholars, that he has re-commenced his attendance after the ſummer vacation; and, as uſual, teaches Ladies Singing and the Piano Forte. Sept. 3. *3S

NOTICE.

THE Subſcriber, having been reduced in his circumſtances, by ſundry misfortunes, and being thereby unable to ſatisfy his juſt debts, hereby gives notice to his Creditors and to all perſons concerned, that he intends to apply to the General Aſſembly of Maryland at their next ſeſſion to be held on the firſt Monday of November next. for the benefit of an act of inſolvency.

WILLIAM EDMONDSON

Eaſton, 1ſt of the 9th month, 1796. 1awt1ſtMN

To be ſold,

A PLANTATION, in the town of Woodbury, county of Glouceſter, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, containing about one hundred and fifty acres; a ſuitable proportion of which is woodland and improved meadow. A great part of the arable land is in a high ſtate of cultivation, and very natural to the production of Red Clover. On ſaid plantation there is a genteel two-ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, and a good dry cellar under the whole; together with a barn, corn-cribs and carriage-houſe. The garden is large, and contains a good collection of the beſt kinds of grafted and inoculated fruit trees; the orchard conſiſts of about three hundred grafted apple-trees. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe ſaid premiſes, may be informed of the terms by applying to

ANDREW HUNTER.

July 29 3

TO BE SOLD,

At No. 128, North Second-Street, and by ſeveral of the Apothecaries in this City.

TRANSFERS of the right to remove pains and inflammations from the human body, as ſecured to Dr. ELISHA PERKINS, by patent, with inſtruments and directions neceſſary for the practice. This mode of treatment is particularly uſeful in relieving pains in the head, face, teeth, breaſt, ſide, ſtomach, back, rheumatiſms, recent gouts, &c. &c.

Notwithſtanding the utility of this practice, it is not preſumed but there are caſes in which this and every other remedy may ſometimes fail.

June 1, 1aw

Waſhington Canal Lottery,

No. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authoriſed the underwritten, to raiſe twenty-ſix thouſand, two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpoſe of cutting a Canal through the City of Waſhington, from the Potomac to the Eaſtern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. I.

Viz	1 Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
	1 ditto	10,000	10,000
	7 laſt drawn Tickets, each	5,000	35,000
	6 ditto	1,000	6,000
	10 ditto	400	4,000
	20 ditto	100	2,000
	55 ditto	50	2,750
	5750 ditto	12	69,008
	To be raiſed for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars,		175,000

☞ The Commiſſioners have taken the Securities required by the aforeſaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as ſoon as the Tickets are ſold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in ſix months after the drawing is finiſhed, ſhall be conſidered as relinquiſhed for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(Signed) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, *of* D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.

City of Waſhington, Feb. 11. §

Mordecai Lewis

HAS FOR SALE,

NANKEENS, long and ſhort.
China, well aſſorted.
Quickſilver.
Diapers
Baſſas.
Coſſas.
Bandano Handkerchiefs.
Roll Brimſtone.

Sept. 6. tt&ſ1m

For Sale,

A LARGE ELEGANT AND WELL FINISHED

Three-ſtory Brick Houſe,

(The late reſidence of General Walter Stewart)

WITH a LOT of GROUND thereunto belonging, the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, near Union-ſtreet containing in front 32 feet, and in depth 100 feet, to an alley leading into Union-ſtreet. The houſe is 32 feet front and 50 feet deep; the ſeveral rooms contained in it are large, commodious, and completely finiſhed; the two firſt ſtories are each 13 feet high; there are 20 mahogany doors in the houſe; a geometrical ſtaircaſe, with mahogany rails and a good ſky-light. The kitchen is in the cellar, which is ſpacious and convenient, and finiſhed with an oven, ſtew-holes and pantries, a ſervants' hall and large wine-cellar adjoining the kitchen, in front of which is an area in which there is a pump. The yard is vaulted. Communicating with the ſaid building is a neat three-ſtory brick houſe, on the north ſide of Union-ſtreet, containing 30 feet front by 20 feet deep; the lower part of which is at preſent occupied as a compting-houſe, and the upper part divided into well-finiſhed large chambers. This houſe may at a ſmall expence be converted into a convenient dwelling: The ſtreet door is very handſome, and the front and back have Venetian window-ſhutters. Adjoining the laſt houſe, upon the lot belonging to the firſt, are erected bathing-rooms, &c. There are likewiſe very good coach-houſe and ſtables finiſhed equal (or nearly ſo) with any in the city, on a lot containing on Union ſtreet 30 feet, and in depth on the weſt ſide of ſaid alley 52 feet. There are good cellars under the whole of the buildings, and a wine room over part of the ſtable, with a hay-loft over the remainder. For further particulars enquire of

EDWARD BONSALL & Co.

At their Office No. 64 Dock-ſtreet, between Walnut & Pear ſtreets.

t1&f

6th month 24th, 1796.

FOR SALE.

A PLANTATION,

ABOUT 12 miles from this City, ſituate in Abington Townſhip, Montgomery County; containing 70 acres, a new ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 2 rooms on a floor, fire places in each, a ſtone kitchen and ſtone ſpring houſe, over an excellent ſpring of water, a barn, ſtables, ſheds, barracks, &c. A large apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit, about 12 acres of good meadow well watered, and wood ſufficient for fire, and fencing the place. Poſſeſſion may be had the 1ſt of April next. Property in this city will be taken in exchange, or MORRIS and NICHOLSONS Notes in payment. Enquire at No. 37, Arch-Street.

Philadelphia, September 13, 1796. tt1ſt

WANTED,

For any term from one to four years,

A HOUSE, pleaſantly ſituated in any of the principal ſtreets within the pavement, and not very diſtant from the State-Houſe, capable of accommodating a ſmall family; the houſe muſt have ſtables and coach-houſe, and would be required to be ready by the firſt week in November next—Enquire of the printer.

Sept. 14. ttf

FOR SALE,

A very Valuable Eſtate,

CALLED *TWITTENHAM,* ſituate in the townſhip of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1-2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Weſtern road: containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the reſt arable of the firſt quality. There are on the premiſes a good two ſtory brick houſe, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, ſtables, and other convenient buildings; a ſmoke-houſe and ſtone, ſpring-houſe; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except thoſe immediately under tillage, and are ſo laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The ſituation is pleaſant and healthy, and from the high cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very ſuitable for a gentleman's country ſeat.

The foregoing is part of the eſtate of Jacob Harman, deceaſed, and offered for ſale by

Mordecai Lewis,

Oct. 9. tt&ſ Surviving Executor.

PRINTED BY JOHN FENNO,

—No. 119—

CHESNUT-STREET.

[Price Eight Dollars per Annum.]